



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Patent and Trademark Office

Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20231

SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
---------------	-------------	----------------------	---------------------

08/292,058 08/17/94 SOLAZZI

M CHEMPLEX3FWC

EXAMINER

18M1/1031

ARTHUR L. PLEVY
146 ROUTE 1 NORTH
P O BOX 1366
EDISON NJ 08818-1366

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

18

1809

DATE MAILED: 10/31/94

This is a communication from the examiner in charge of your application.
COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS

This application has been examined Responsive to communication filed on _____ This action is made final.

A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire 3 month(s), 0 days from the date of this letter.
Failure to respond within the period for response will cause the application to become abandoned. 35 U.S.C. 133

Part I THE FOLLOWING ATTACHMENT(S) ARE PART OF THIS ACTION:

1. Notice of References Cited by Examiner, PTO-892.
2. Notice of Draftsman's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948.
3. Notice of Art Cited by Applicant, PTO-1449.
4. Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152.
5. Information on How to Effect Drawing Changes, PTO-1474..
6. _____

Part II SUMMARY OF ACTION

1. Claims 25-28 are pending in the application.

Of the above, claims _____ are withdrawn from consideration.

2. Claims _____ have been cancelled.

3. Claims _____ are allowed.

4. Claims 25-28 are rejected.

5. Claims _____ are objected to.

6. Claims _____ are subject to restriction or election requirement.

7. This application has been filed with informal drawings under 37 C.F.R. 1.85 which are acceptable for examination purposes.

8. Formal drawings are required in response to this Office action.

9. The corrected or substitute drawings have been received on _____. Under 37 C.F.R. 1.84 these drawings are acceptable; not acceptable (see explanation or Notice of Draftsman's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948).

10. The proposed additional or substitute sheet(s) of drawings, filed on _____, has (have) been approved by the examiner; disapproved by the examiner (see explanation).

11. The proposed drawing correction, filed _____, has been approved; disapproved (see explanation).

12. Acknowledgement is made of the claim for priority under 35 U.S.C. 119. The certified copy has been received not been received been filed in parent application, serial no. _____; filed on _____.

13. Since this application appears to be in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.

14. Other

EXAMINER'S ACTION

1. Preliminary amendments received 8/17/94 have been entered and claims 25-28 are currently pending in this application.

Claims

5 2. Claim 28 rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 28 is written as a dependent claim but does not refer to a previous claim. For purposes of examination,

10 Examiner will assume claim 28 refers to claim 25 hereafter.

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

15 A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

20 25 Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) or (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

30 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 86 S.Ct. 684, 15 L.Ed. 2nd 545 (1966), 148 USPQ 459, that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. § 103 are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art;
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue; and
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

5

10 5. Claims 25-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Solazzi (US Patent No. 4409854). Solazzi discloses the invention substantially as claimed. Specifically, Solazzi teaches (Column 2) "an **annular member or ring 18** which is a **collar** and is **used to retain a thin plastic film over the opened top** after a sample has been introduced into the hollow confines of the cell 17. Also shown is an **annular ring 19** which is a snap on ring and is **used together with collar 18 in holding the plastic film** in the secure position."

15

20 Solazzi does not teach the combination of the collar and ring mentioned above to form a single ring member. However, it has been held that (In re Larson, 144 USPQ, p. 347) "use of one piece construction instead of [a non-unitary structure is a] matter of obvious engineering choice".

25 Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have modified the teachings of Solazzi to use a one-piece, rather than two-piece, tubular ring as a matter of obvious engineering choice. The one-piece ring so formed would increase the length of the ring thereby covering any extraneous film. The routineer would have been motivated to reduce the complexity of both manufacture and assembly of the apparatus of

Solazzi by making a simpler one-piece ring. Further, an extended one-piece ring would engage the flexible film between the collar and sample cup over a wider surface area thereby creating a better friction fit than the two-piece design of Solazzi.

5

6. This is a file wrapper continuation of Applicant's earlier application S.N. 08/010555. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds or art of record in the next 10 Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See M.P.E.P. § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a).

15

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS ACTION. IN THE EVENT A FIRST RESPONSE IS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE THREE-MONTH SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE EXPIRE LATER THAN SIX MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION.

20

7.. Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be directed to Michael McGlashen whose telephone number is 30 (703) 308-0708. The examiner can normally be reached Monday-Thursday from 7:00 am - 4:00 pm. The examiner can also be

Serial No. 08/292058
Art Unit 1809

-5-

reached on alternate Fridays.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

5

Michael L. McGlashen
Michael L. McGlashen, Ph.D.
Patent Examiner
Group 1809

10

Lyle A. Alexander
LYLE A. ALEXANDER
PRIMARY EXAMINER
GROUP 1800